



Single Family - Detached

**11 West Bradstreet Rd
North Andover, MA 01845
Essex County**

List Price: **\$875,000**

Style: **Cape** Total Rooms: **10**
Color: **Gray** Bedrooms: **4**
Grade School: **Atkinson** Bathrooms: **3f 0h**
Middle School: **North Andover Middle** Main Bath: **Yes**
High School: **North Andover High** Fireplaces: **2**
Approx. Acres: **0.25 (11,099 SqFt)** Approx. Street Frontage:
Handicap Access/Features: Accessory Dwelling Unit: **Yes**
Directions: **Main or Mass Ave to Greene to W. Bradstreet**

Welcome to 11 West Bradstreet in North Andover's Library area! This beautifully remodeled home has been updated over the last seven years for modern comfort. The first unit features 3 spacious bedrooms, 2 full baths and a sunny eat-in kitchen with granite and newer appliances. Adjacent, you'll find a living room, a dining room and bonus room with a slider that leads to your private back yard. The second floor includes another eat-in kitchen, living room with fireplace, full bath w/laundry, a bedroom with a slider to a private deck ideal for morning coffee. Equipped with newer systems and central air, the home ensures year-round comfort. Gorgeous hardwood floors, built-ins and cozy fireplaces add charm to each floor. In-unit laundry offers convenience. Enjoy picturesque views of Patriots Park, with close proximity to schools, commuting routes, the Youth Center, Senior Center, restaurants and more. This property offers endless possibilities for multi-generational living or rental income.

Property Information

Approx. Living Area Total: **2,505 SqFt** Living Area Includes Below-Grade SqFt: **No** Living Area Source: **Public Record**

Approx. Above Grade: **2,505 SqFt** Approx. Below Grade:

Living Area Disclosures:

Heat Zones: **3 Central Heat, Forced Air, Gas** Cool Zones: **3 Central Air**

Parking Spaces: **5 Off-Street, Paved Driveway** Garage Spaces: **0**

Disclosures: **Some rooms virtually staged, room sizes approximate, property is de-leaded.**

Room Levels, Dimensions and Features

Room	Level	Size	Features
Living Room:	1	17X14	Fireplace, Flooring - Hardwood, Main Level, Chair Rail, Crown Molding
Dining Room:	1	14X10	Flooring - Hardwood, Window(s) - Bay/Bow/Box
Kitchen:	1		Flooring - Hardwood, Window(s) - Bay/Bow/Box, Balcony / Deck, Pantry, Countertops - Stone/Granite/Solid, Main Level, Cabinets - Upgraded, Exterior Access, Recessed Lighting, Remodeled, Window Seat
Main Bedroom:	1	25X20	Bathroom - 3/4, Wood / Coal / Pellet Stove, Flooring - Wood, Main Level, Slider, Window Seat
Bedroom 2:	1	17X11	Flooring - Hardwood
Bedroom 3:	1	13X9	Flooring - Hardwood
Bath 1:	1	9X7	Bathroom - Tiled With Shower Stall, Flooring - Stone/Ceramic Tile, Countertops - Stone/Granite/Solid
Bath 2:	1	11X6	Bathroom - With Shower Stall, Flooring - Stone/Ceramic Tile, Countertops - Stone/Granite/Solid
Bonus Room:	1	16X12	Flooring - Laminate, Wet bar, Exterior Access, Slider
Kitchen:	2	16X7	Flooring - Hardwood, Dining Area, Countertops - Stone/Granite/Solid, Recessed Lighting
Bedroom:	2	20X14	Flooring - Hardwood, Balcony / Deck, Exterior Access, Slider
Other:	2	15X14	Fireplace, Flooring - Hardwood
3/4 Bath:	2	11X5	Bathroom - Full, Bathroom - Tiled With Tub, Flooring - Stone/Ceramic Tile, Dryer Hookup - Gas, Washer Hookup

Features

Appliances: **Range, Dishwasher, Disposal, Microwave, Refrigerator, Washer, Dryer, Washer / Dryer Combo**

Other Property Info

Disclosure Declaration: **Yes**
Exclusions:

Area Amenities: **Public Transportation, Shopping, Park, Walk/Jog Trails, Golf Course, Laundromat, Highway Access, House of Worship, Private School, Public School, T-Station**
Basement: **Yes Full, Interior Access, Sump Pump, Unfinished Basement, Exterior Access**
Beach: **Yes Lake/Pond**
Beach Ownership: **Public**
Beach - Miles to: **1 to 2 Mile**
Construction: **Frame**
Electric: **Circuit Breakers**
Energy Features: **Prog. Thermostat**
Exterior: **Clapboard**
Exterior Features: **Patio, Covered Patio/Deck**
Flooring: **Wood, Tile, Hardwood**
Foundation Size:
Foundation Description: **Poured Concrete**
Hot Water: **Natural Gas**
Insulation: **Unknown**
Interior Features: **Cable Available, Wetbar, French Doors**
Lot Description: **Paved Drive, Level**
Road Type: **Public**
Roof Material: **Asphalt/Fiberglass Shingles**
Sewer Utilities: **City/Town Sewer**
Utility Connections: **for Gas Range, for Electric Range, for Electric Dryer, Washer Hookup**
Water Utilities: **City/Town Water**
Waterfront: **No**

Home Own Assn:
Lead Paint: **None**
UFFI: Warranty Features:
Year Built: **1950** Source: **Public Record**
Year Built Description: **Actual, Renovated Since**
Year Round:
Short Sale w/Lndr. App. Req: **No**
Lender Owned: **No**

Tax Information

Pin #:
Assessed: **\$701,400**
Tax: **\$7,898** Tax Year: **2026**
Book: **16135** Page: **273**
Cert:
Zoning Code: **R4**
Map: Block: Lot:

Office/Agent Information

Listing Office: **Foundation Brokerage Group**  (800) 983-1945

Listing Agent: **The Nancy Dowling Team (978) 314-4003**

Team Member(s): **Nancy A. Dowling**  (978) 314-4003

Sale Office:

Sale Agent:

Listing Agreement Type: **Exclusive Right to Sell**

Entry Only: **No**

Showing: Sub-Agency:

Showing: Buyer's Broker: **Sign,  Schedule with ShowingTime or Call 888-627-2775**

Showing: Facilitator: **Sign,  Schedule with ShowingTime or Call 888-627-2775**

Special Showing Instructions:

Firm Remarks

Please send all offers to Nancydowlingre@gmail.com in one PDF not through Dotloop.

Market Information

Listing Date: **1/28/2026**

Listing Market Time: MLS# has been on for day(s)

Days on Market: Property has been on the market for a total of day(s)

Office Market Time: Office has listed this property for day(s)

Expiration Date:

Cash Paid for Upgrades:

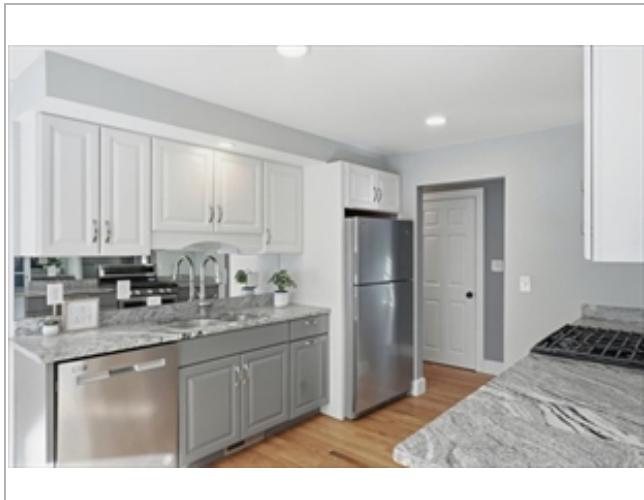
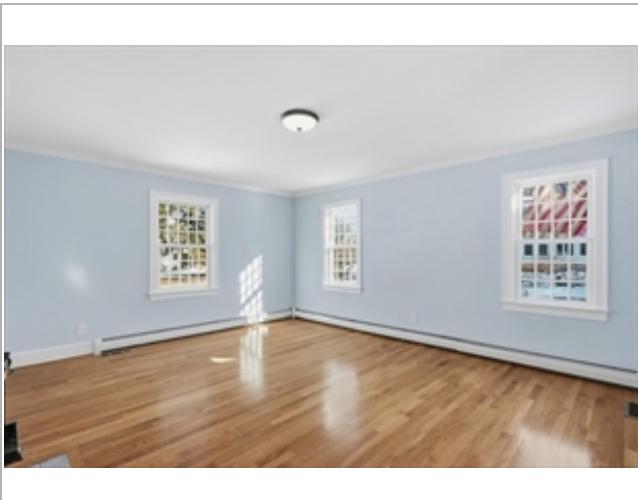
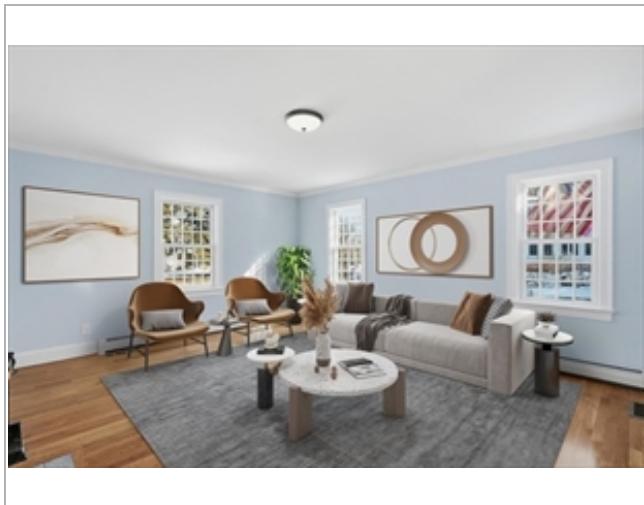
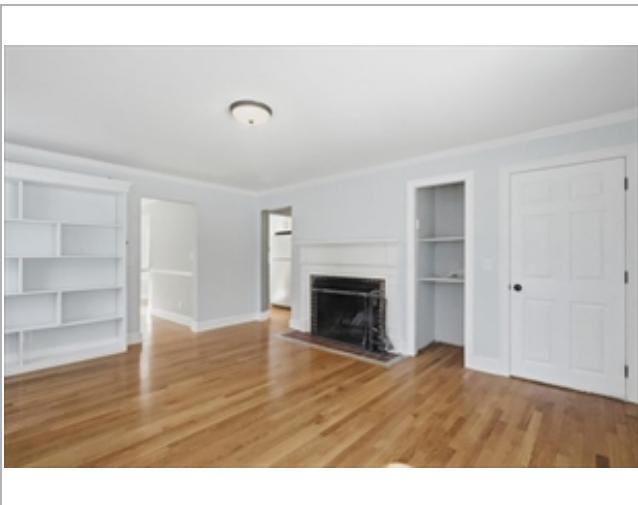
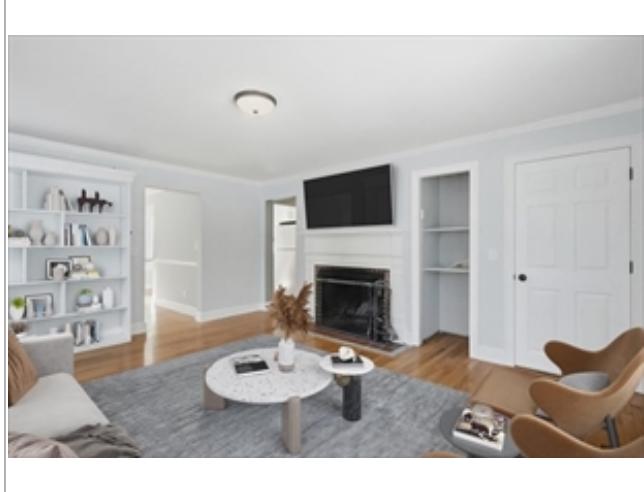
Original Price:

Seller Concessions at Closing:

Off Market Date:

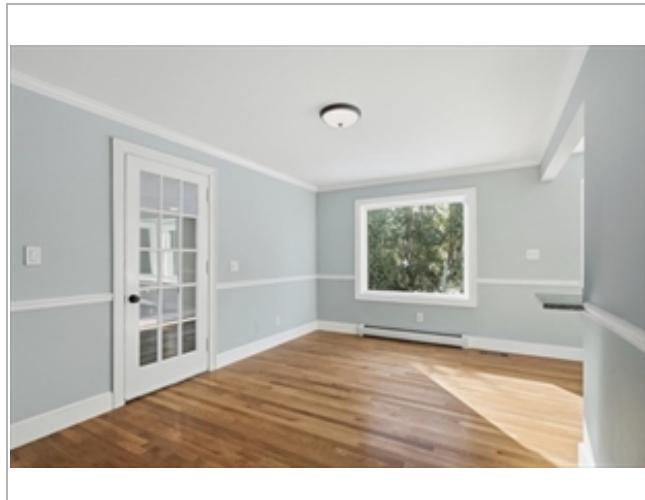
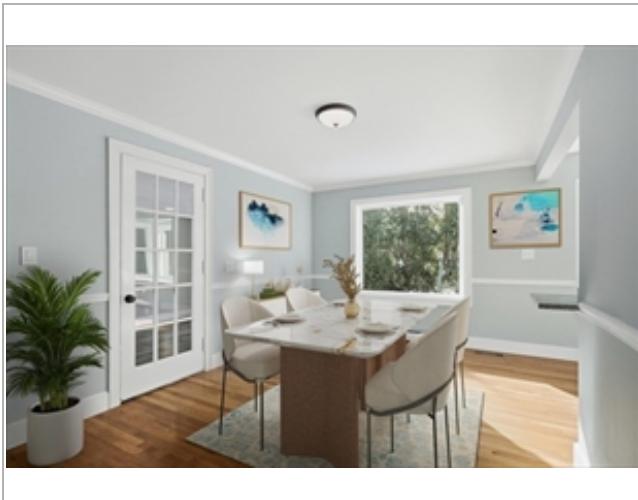
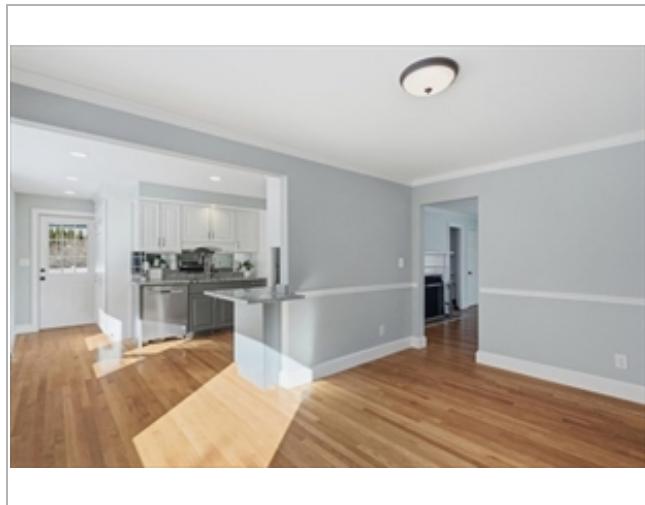
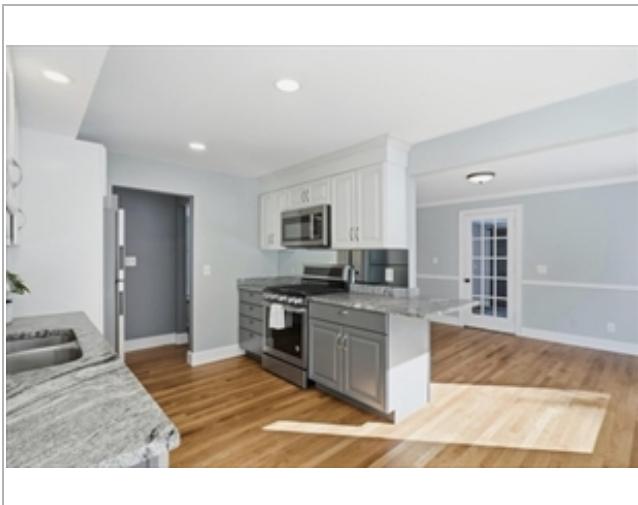
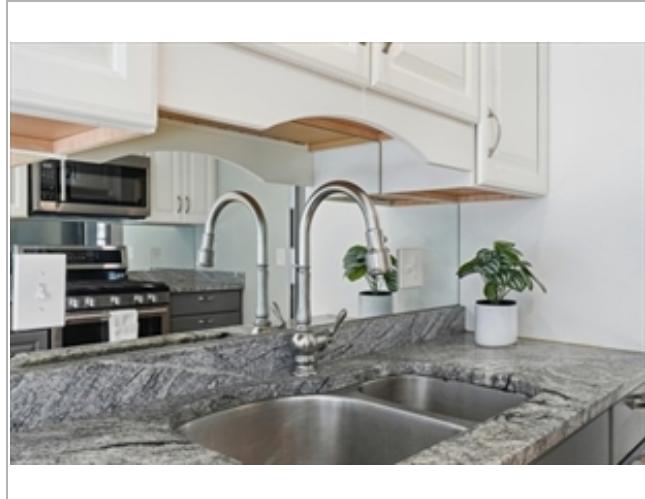
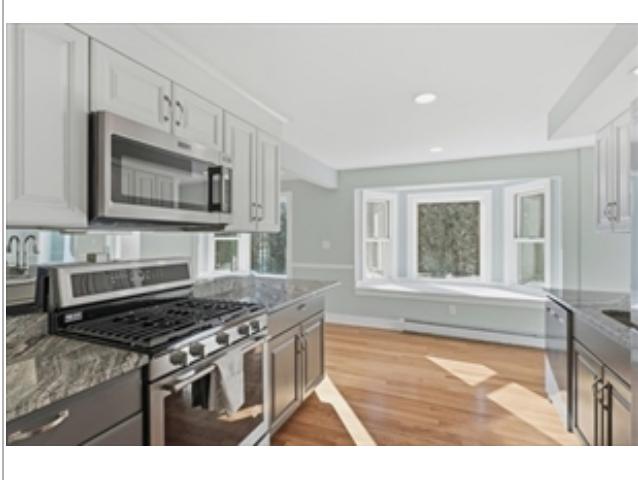
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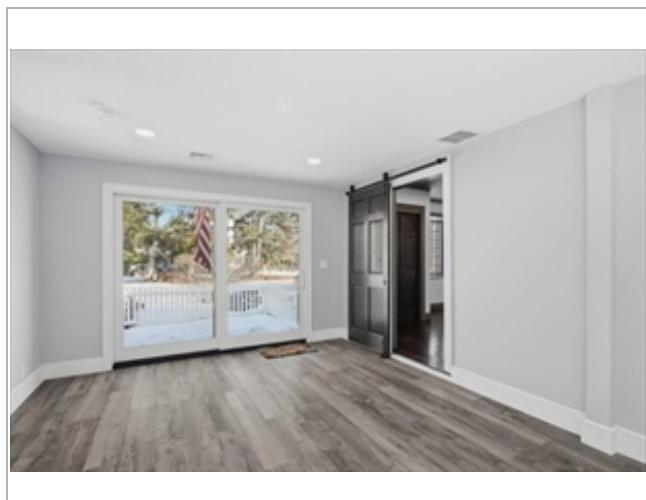
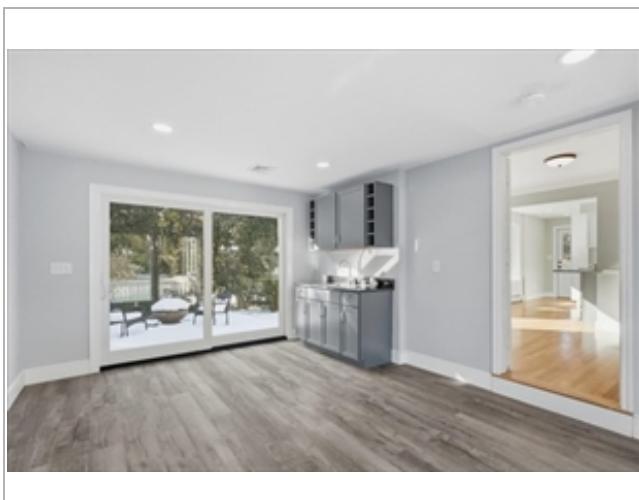
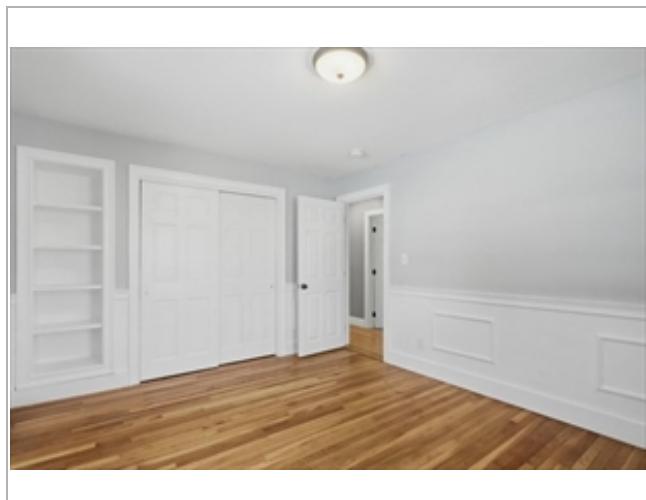
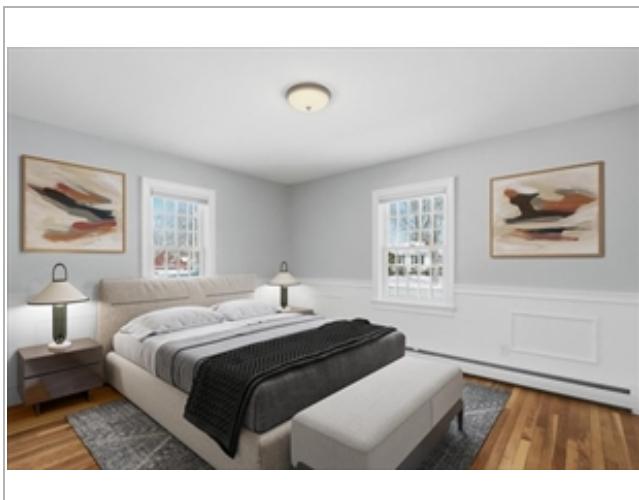
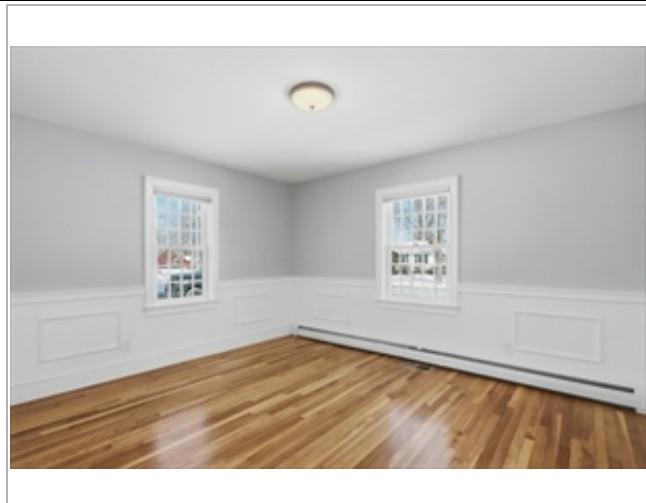
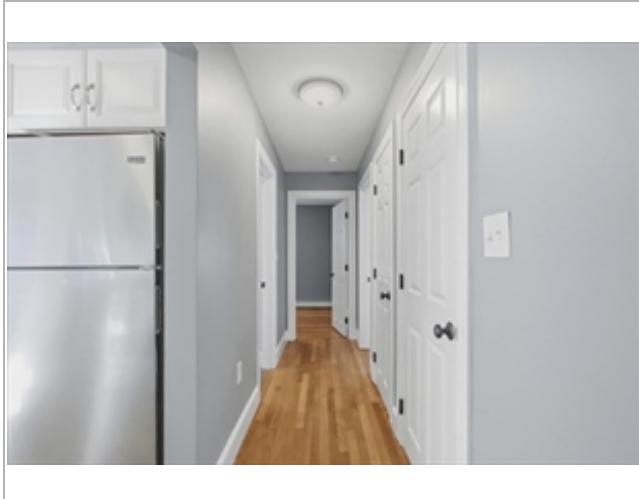
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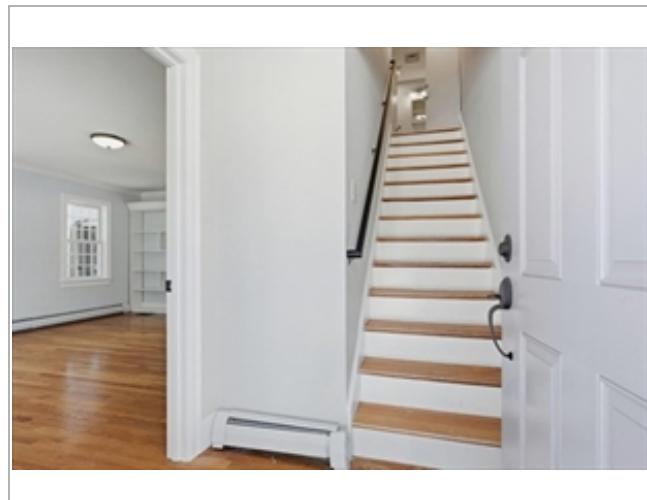
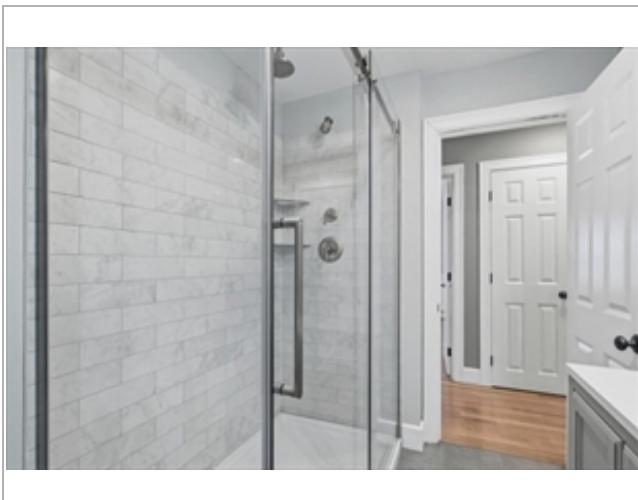
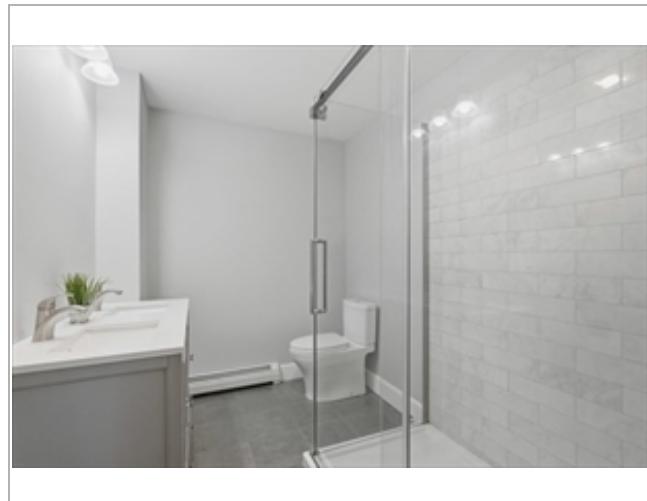
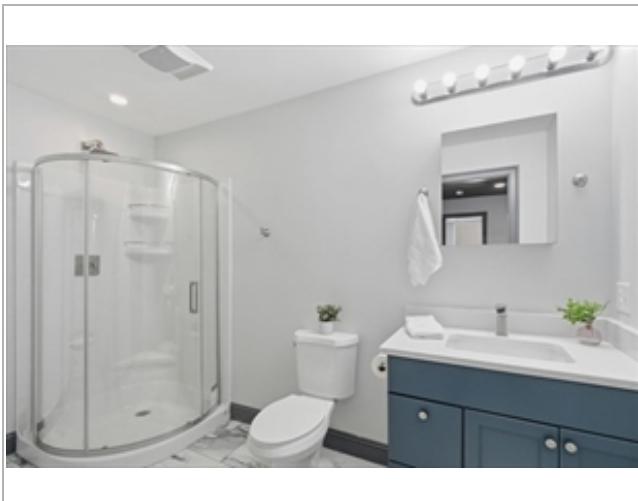
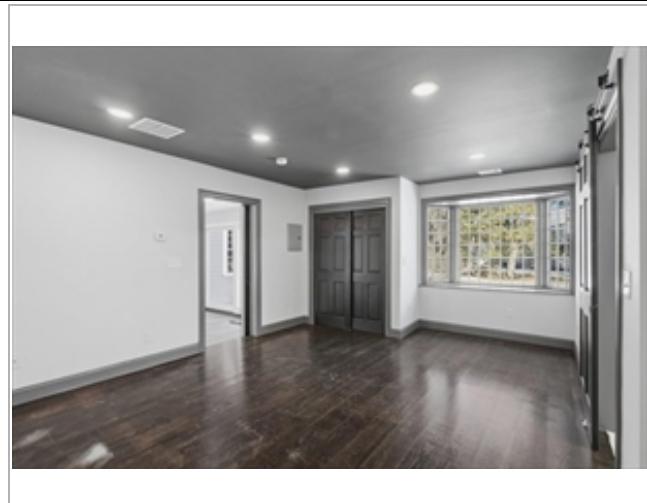
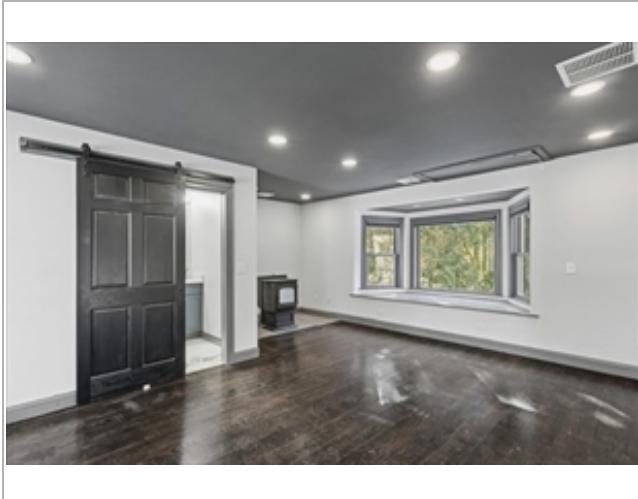
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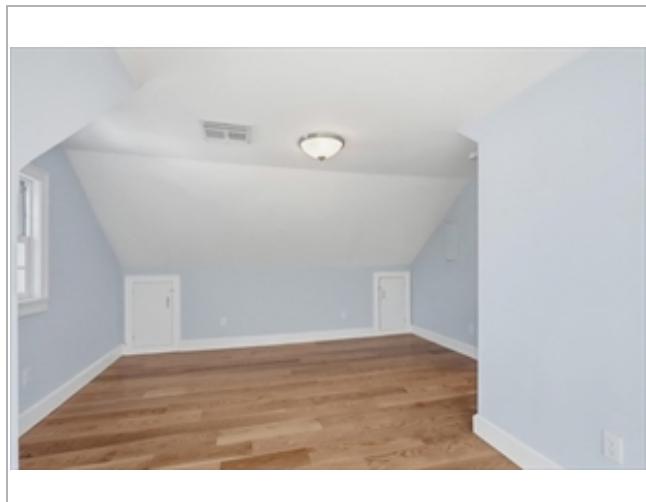
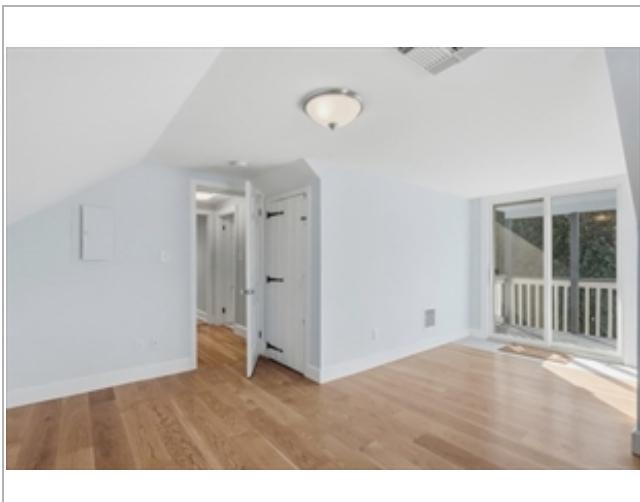
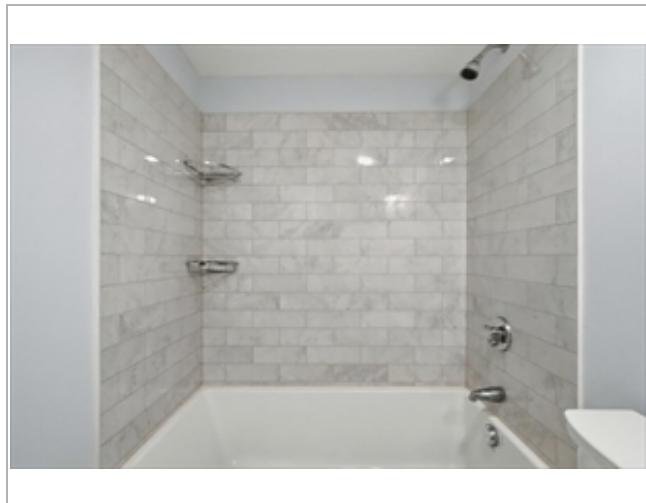
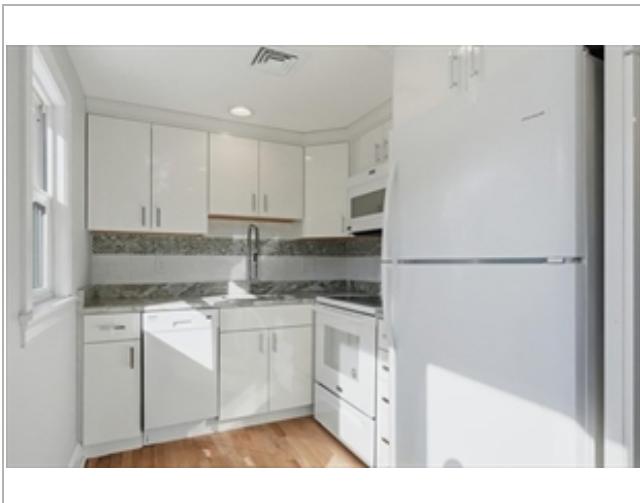
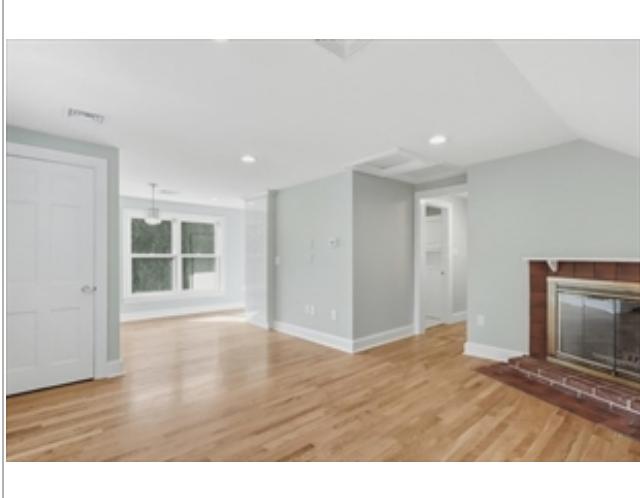
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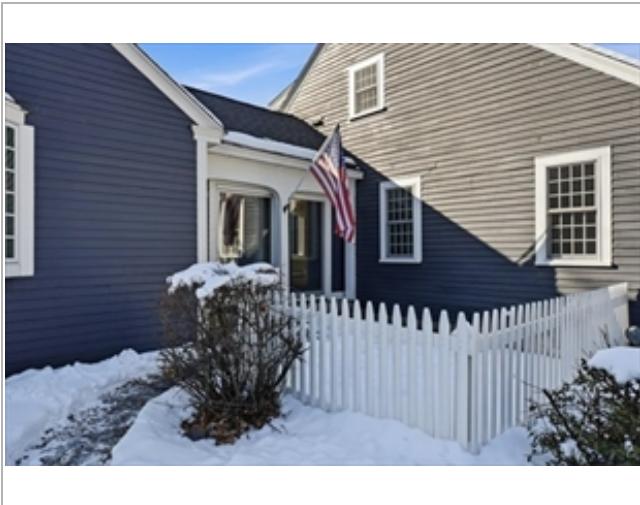
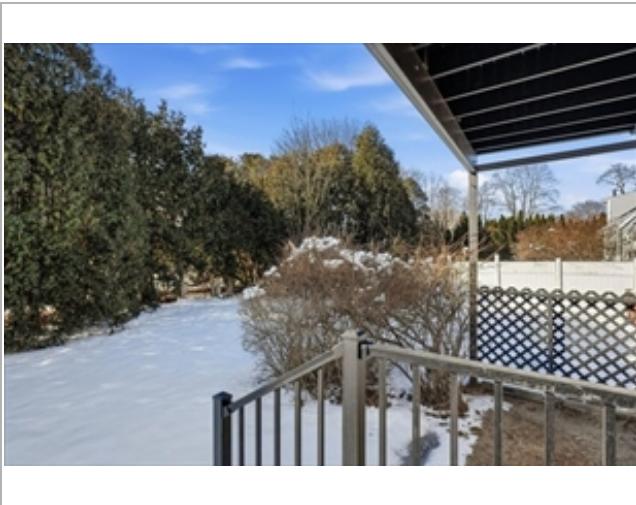
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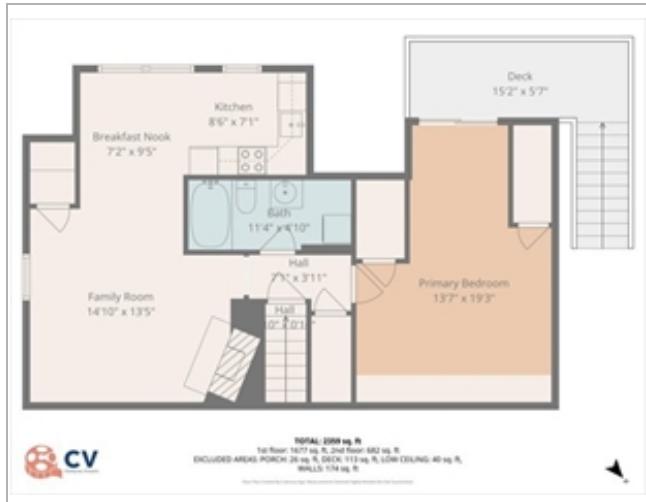
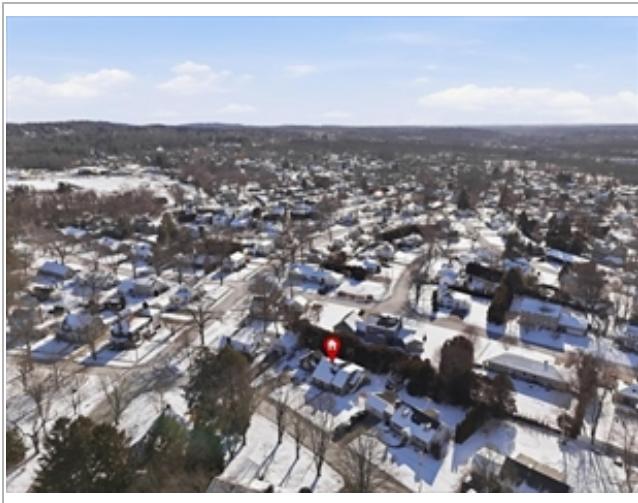
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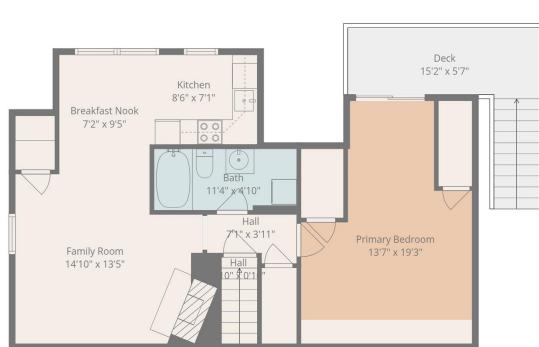


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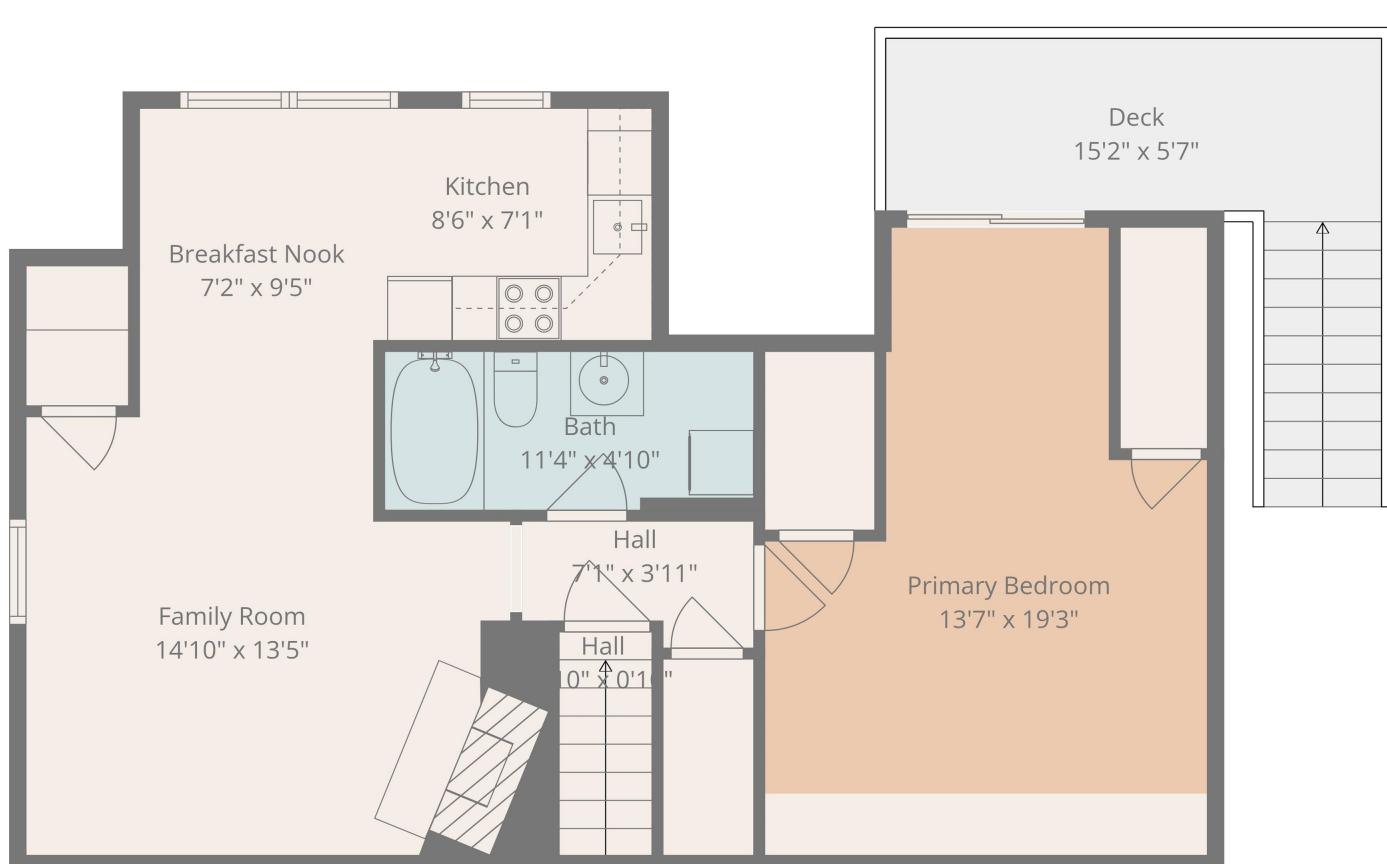
TOTAL: 2359 sq. ft

1st floor: 1677 sq. ft, 2nd floor: 682 sq. ft

EXCLUDED AREAS: PORCH: 26 sq. ft, DECK: 113 sq. ft, LOW CEILING: 40 sq. ft,
WALLS: 174 sq. ft







SELLER'S STATEMENT OF PROPERTY CONDITION #700 (Page 1 of 8)

MASSACHUSETTS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®

THIS FORM IS TO BE COMPLETED BY THE SELLER. THE SELLER(S) AUTHORIZES THE BROKER OR SALESPEOPLE(S) TO PROVIDE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION TO PROSPECTIVE BUYER(S). THIS INFORMATION IS BASED UPON THE SELLER'S KNOWLEDGE, BUT IS NOT INTENDED AS A GUARANTEE OF THE CONDITION OF THE PROPERTY OR THE CONTINUED SATISFACTORY OPERATION OF ANY SYSTEM. THE BUYER(S) SHOULD INDEPENDENTLY VERIFY ALL INFORMATION BEFORE PURCHASE.

Property Address 11 West Bradstreet Road, North Andover, MA 01845Seller(s)/Owner(s) Margaret SulivanHow long owned 7 How long occupied 0 Approximate Year Built 1950**I. TITLE/ZONING/BUILDING INFORMATION**

		Yes	No	Unknown	N/A	Description/Explanation
1.	Title Problems or Limitations (for example, deed restriction, lot line dispute, order of conditions):	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
2.	Easement, Common Driveway, or Right of Way	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
3.	Zoning Classification(s) of property:			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
4.	Has the City/Town issued notice of outstanding violation?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
5.	Have you been advised that current use is nonconforming in any way?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
6.	Do you know of any variances or special permits?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
7.	During Seller's ownership, has work been done for which a permit was required? If yes, explain.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	House remodeled in 2019-2022
7a.	Were permits obtained?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
7b.	Was the work approved by an inspector?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
7c.	Was a licensed contractor hired? (If yes, provide name of contractor)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
7d.	Is there an outstanding notice of any building code violation?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
8.	Have you been informed that any part of the property is in a designated flood zone or wetland?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
9.	Are there any known water drainage problems? Explain.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

II. SYSTEM AND UTILITIES INFORMATION

		Yes	No	Unknown	N/A	Description/Explanation
10.	STORAGE TANK					
10a.	Is or Has there ever been an underground storage tank?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
10b.	If yes, type of tank			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
10c.	If yes, is it still in use?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
10d.	If not still in use, was it removed?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
10e.	Storage Tank: <input type="checkbox"/> Leased <input type="checkbox"/> Owned (See Hazardous Materials Disclosure Page 8)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

SELLER'S INITIALS

01/27/26

BUYER'S INITIALS

251 PM EST

dotloop verified

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Statewide Standard Real Estate Forms

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SELLER'S STATEMENT OF PROPERTY CONDITION #700 (Page 2 of 8)



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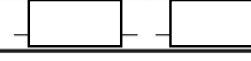
II. SYSTEM AND UTILITIES INFORMATION (Continued)						
		Yes	No	Unknown	N/A	Description/Explanation
11.	HEATING SYSTEM					
11a.	Type: <input type="text" value="Forced hot water and forced air"/>					3 systems
11b.	Age: <input type="text" value="7"/>					
11c.	Are there any known problems with the heating system? Explain:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
11d.	Identify any unheated room or area:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
11e.	Provide approximate date of last service:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
11f.	Provide reason for service:			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

III. WATER, SEWER & OTHER UTILITIES						
		Yes	No	Unknown	N/A	Description/Explanation
12.	DOMESTIC HOT WATER					
12a.	Type: <input type="text" value="water tank"/>			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
12b.	Age: <input type="text" value="7"/>			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
12c.	Are there any known problems with the hot water? Explain:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
13.	SEWAGE SYSTEM					
13a.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Municipal <input type="checkbox"/> Private Sewer	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
13b.	If Private Sewer, describe type of system:			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
13c.	Provide Name of Service Company			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
13d.	Date it was last pumped:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Month Day Year
13e.	Frequency of Pumps:			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
13f.	During your ownership has sewage backed up into house or onto yard? Explain.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
13g.	Is system shared with other homes?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
13h.	Was a Title 5 Inspection performed?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
13i.	Date of Inspection:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Month Day Year
13j.	Is a copy of Inspection attached?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
14.	PLUMBING SYSTEM					
14a.	Type: <input type="text"/>			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
14b.	Problems? Explain.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
14c.	Bathroom ventilation problems? Explain.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

SELLER'S INITIALS


 01/27/26

BUYER'S INITIALS



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SELLER'S STATEMENT OF PROPERTY CONDITION #700 (Page 3 of 8)



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III. WATER, SEWER & OTHER UTILITIES (Continued)

		Yes	No	Unknown	N/A	Description/Explanation
15. WATER SOURCE						
15a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Public <input type="checkbox"/> Private		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
15b. Location _____				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
15c. Date Last tested:				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Month Day Year
15d. Report Attached?		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
15e. Water Quality problems? Explain.		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
15f. Flow rate:		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(gal. /min.)
15g. Age of Pump:				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
15h. Is there a filtration system? If yes, indicate age and type of filtration system.		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Age: _____ Type: _____

IV. ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS & UTILITIES

		Yes	No	Unknown	N/A	Description/Explanation
16. ELECTRICAL SYSTEM						
16a. Problems? Explain.		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
17. APPLIANCES						
17a. List appliances that are included: 2 refrigerators, 2 stoves, 2 dishwashers, 2 washers, 2 dryers				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
17b. Problems? Explain.		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
18. SECURITY SYSTEM						
18a. Type: _____				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
18b. Age: _____				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
18c. Provide Name of Service Company				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
18d. Problems? Explain.		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
19. AIR CONDITIONING						
19a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Central <input type="checkbox"/> Window <input type="checkbox"/> Other. Explain.		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	3 ac systems, 7 years old
19b. Problems? Explain.		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
20. SOLAR PANELS						
20a. <input type="checkbox"/> Leased <input type="checkbox"/> Owned		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
20b. If leased, explain terms of agreement.				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

V. BUILDING/STRUCTURAL INFORMATION

		Yes	No	Unknown	N/A	Description/Explanation
21. FOUNDATION/SLAB						
21a. Problems? Explain.		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

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SELLER'S STATEMENT OF PROPERTY CONDITION #700 (Page 4 of 8)



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V. BUILDING/STRUCTURAL INFORMATION (Continued)						
		Yes	No	Unknown	N/A	Description/Explanation
22.	BASEMENT					
22a.	Problems (select any that apply): <input type="checkbox"/> Water <input type="checkbox"/> Seepage <input type="checkbox"/> Dampness <input type="checkbox"/> Other. Explain.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	sump pump in main part for minor seepage.
22b.	Explain amount, frequency, and location of the problems selected in 22a.			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
23.	SUMP PUMP					
23a.	If yes to 23, provide age and location.			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	6 years bulkhead door
23b.	Problems? Explain.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
24.	ROOF					
24a.	Age:			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	7 years
24b.	Problems? Explain.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
24c.	Location of leaks/repairs:			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	repaired 11/2025
25.	CHIMNEY/FIREPLACE					
25a.	Date last cleaned:			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2020 Month Day Year
25b.	Problems? Explain.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	leak due to lead missing
25c.	Presence of: <input type="checkbox"/> Wood Stove <input type="checkbox"/> Coal Stove <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pellet Stove <input type="checkbox"/> Gas Stove	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	pellet stove will need servicing, automatic shut off is not working correctly.
25d.	If yes to 25c, in compliance with installation regulations/code/bylaws?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
25e.	If no to 25d, Explain.			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
25f.	Is there any history of smoke/fire damage to structure? Explain.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
26.	FLOORS					
26a.	Type of floors under carpet/linoleum:			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
26b.	Are there any known problems with floors (buckling, sagging, etc.)? Explain.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
27.	WALLS					
27a.	Interior Walls: Problems? Explain.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
27b.	Exterior Walls: Problems? Explain.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
28.	WINDOW/SLIDING DOORS/DOORS					
28a.	Problems? Explain.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
29.	INSULATION					
29a.	Does house have insulation?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	some foam fiberglass

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SELLER'S STATEMENT OF PROPERTY CONDITION #700 (Page 5 of 8)

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V. BUILDING/STRUCTURAL INFORMATION (Continued)

		Yes	No	Unknown	N/A	Description/Explanation
29b.	If yes, type:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
29c.	Date Installed:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Month Day Year
29d.	Location:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

VI. ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

		Yes	No	Unknown	N/A	Description/Explanation
30.	ASBESTOS					
30a.	Is asbestos present in exterior shingles, pipe covering or boiler insulation?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
30b.	Has a fiber count been performed?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
30c.	If yes to 30b., is copy attached? (See Asbestos Disclosure Page 8)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
31.	LEAD PAINT					
31a.	Is lead paint present?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
31b.	If yes to 31a., locations present: (Attach copy of Inspection Reports)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
31c.	If yes to 31a., describe abatement plan/ interim controls, if any:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
31d.	Has paint been encapsulated?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
31e.	If yes to 31d. provide date of encapsulation and by whom.			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Month Day Year
31f.	Is Lead Paint Disclosure Form available? If yes attach copy. If no, Explain.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
32.	RADON					
32a.	Has test for Radon been performed? If yes, attach copy. (See Radon Disclosure Page 7)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
33.	MOLD					
33a.	Have you been advised of elevated levels of mold at the Property? Explain.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	mold remediated mold certified removal 2019
34.	INSECTS					
34a.	History of Termites/Wood Destroying Insect or Rodent Problems?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
34b.	If yes to 34a., explain treatment and dates: (See Chlordane Disclosure Page 8)			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Month Day Year
35.	ENERGY AUDIT					
35a.	Has an Energy Audit been performed? If yes, attach a copy.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

VII. OUTDOOR AMENITIES & STRUCTURES

		Yes	No	Unknown	N/A	Description/Explanation
36.	SWIMMING POOL/JACUZZI					
36a.	Problems? Explain.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
36b.	Name of Service Company:			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

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The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Executive Office of Health and Human Services

Department of Public Health

Bureau of Environmental Health

250 Washington Street, 7th Floor

Boston, MA 02108

(800) 532-9571 / (617) 624-5757

CHILDHOOD LEAD POISONING PREVENTION PROGRAM (CLPPP) PROPERTY TRANSFER LEAD PAINT NOTIFICATION

Under Massachusetts and federal law, this notification package must be given to prospective purchasers of homes built before 1978. This package must be given in full to meet state and federal requirements. It may be copied, as long as the type size is not made smaller. Every seller and any real estate agent involved in the sale must give this package before the signing of a purchase and sale agreement, a lease with an option to purchase, or, under state law, a memorandum of agreement used in foreclosure sales. Sellers and agents must also tell the prospective purchaser any information they know about lead in the home. They must also give a copy of any lead inspection report, risk assessment report, Letter of Compliance or Letter of Interim Control. **This package is for compliance with both state and federal lead notification requirements.**

Real estate agents must also tell prospective purchasers that under the state Lead Law, a new owner of a home built before 1978 in which a child under six will live or continue to live must have it either delead or brought under interim control within 90 days of taking title. This package includes a check list to certify that the prospective purchaser has been fully notified by the real estate agent. This certification should be filled out and signed by the prospective purchaser before the signing of a purchase and sale agreement, a lease with an option to purchase or a memorandum of agreement used in a foreclosure sale. It should be kept in the real estate agent's files. After getting notice, the prospective purchaser has at least 10 days, or longer if agreed to by the seller and buyer, to have a lead inspection or risk assessment if he or she chooses to have one, except in cases of foreclosure sales. There is no requirement for a lead inspection or risk assessment before a sale. A list of private lead inspectors and risk assessors licensed by the Department of Public Health is attached and can also be found on the Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program's website at www.mass.gov/dph/clppp.

Sellers and real estate agents who do not meet these requirements can face a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 under state law; a civil penalty of up to \$10,000 and possible criminal sanctions under federal law, as well as liability for resulting damages. In addition, a real estate agent who fails to meet these requirements may be liable under the Massachusetts Consumer Protection Act.

The property transfer notification program began in 1988 and has been very successful. It provides information you need to protect your child, or your tenants' child, from lead poisoning. Massachusetts has a tax credit of up to \$1,500 for each unit delead. There are also a number of grants and no-interest or low-interest loans available for deleading. It's up to you to do your part toward ending lead poisoning.

PLEASE TAKE THE TIME TO READ THIS DOCUMENT. LEAD POISONING IS THE NATION'S LEADING ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD AFFECTING CHILDREN. DON'T GAMBLE WITH YOUR CHILD'S FUTURE.

What is lead poisoning? How do children become lead poisoned?

Lead poisoning is caused by exposure to lead in the environment. It is most dangerous for children under six years old. In young children, too much lead in the body can cause permanent harm to the brain, kidneys, nervous system and red blood cells. Even at low levels, lead in children's bodies can slow growth and cause learning and behavioral problems. The main way children get lead poisoned is by swallowing lead paint dust. They do not have to chew on leaded surfaces or eat paint chips to become poisoned. Most childhood lead poisoning is caused by children's normal behavior of putting their hands or other things, such as toys, in their mouths. If their hands or these objects have touched lead dust, this may add lead to their bodies. Children can also be exposed to lead from such other sources as lead-contaminated soil or water, but these sources alone rarely cause lead poisoning. Lead can be found in soil near old, lead-painted houses. If children play in bare, leaded soil, or eat vegetables or fruit grown in such soil, or if leaded soil is tracked into the home and gets on children's hands or toys, lead may enter their bodies.

What are the symptoms of lead poisoning? How is it detected?

Most lead poisoned children have no special symptoms. The only way to find out if a child is lead poisoned is to have his or her blood tested. The Massachusetts Lead Law requires all children between 9 months and 3 years old to be screened annually for lead, and again at age 4 if living in a high-risk community. If your child has been exposed to lead, or if you do not know if your child under age six has been screened for lead, ask your child's doctor, other health care provider or your local board of health for a simple screening test of your child.

What is the treatment for lead poisoning?

Treatment of a lead poisoned child starts with finding and removing the lead hazards to which the child is exposed. This will include a lead inspection of the child's home, and if lead hazards are identified, deleading of the home. Medical treatment depends on the child's blood lead level and the child's response to the removal of the lead source. Parents will be taught about protecting their child from lead exposure. They will need to watch the child's progress through frequent blood tests. If necessary, the child may receive special drugs to help rid his body of excess lead. With this treatment, drugs are given daily for as long as several weeks. Sometimes this must be done more than once. A child who has been lead poisoned will need a lot of blood tests for a year or more. He or she should be tested for learning problems before starting school.

Are children under six years old the only ones at risk of lead poisoning?

No. Young children are usually more easily and seriously poisoned than older children or adults, but lead is harmful to everyone. Lead in the body of a pregnant woman can hurt her baby before birth. Older children and adults who live in older housing with lead paint hazards may become exposed to lead and could potentially develop lead poisoning through home renovation. Most lead poisoning in adults is caused by work-related exposure or home renovation. Even hobby supplies, such as stained glass, bullets and fishing sinkers, can expose people to lead. Lead poisoning in adults can cause high blood pressure, problems having children for both men and women, digestive problems, nerve disorders, memory loss and problems concentrating, and muscle and joint pain. Adults who have any of these symptoms and who have been exposed to lead should consider being screened for lead. Those who are regularly exposed to lead through their work are required by law to have their blood tested once a year for lead.

What are the dangers of lead paint in homes, and when was it used?

Lead paint in homes causes almost all childhood lead poisoning. Lead is so harmful that even a small amount of fine lead dust that cannot be seen can poison a child. Lead paint covered by layers of nonleaded paint can still poison children, especially when it is disturbed, such as through normal wear and tear, or home repair work. When such lead paint is on moving surfaces, such as windows, fine lead dust is released through normal use. This dust settles, where it can be easily picked up on children's toys and fingers. Household paint with poisonous (now illegal) levels of lead was in use in Massachusetts from the 1690s until 1978. In 1978, the U.S. government banned lead from house paint. Lead can be found in all types of pre-1978 homes: homes in cities, suburbs or the countryside; private housing and state or federal public housing; single-family and multi-family homes. The older the house, the more likely it is to contain lead paint. The older the paint, the higher the likely lead content.

Can routine home repairs cause lead poisoning?

There can be a danger of lead poisoning whenever painted surfaces inside or outside the home are scraped for repainting, or woodwork is stripped or removed, or windows or walls are removed. This is because lead paint is found in almost all Massachusetts homes built before 1978, and so many of Massachusetts' homes are old. Do not use power sanders, propane torches or heat guns to remove leaded paint, as these methods create a lot of lead dust and fumes. Temporarily move your family (especially children and pregnant women) out of the home while the work is being done and cleaned up, or at a minimum, tape up plastic sheets to completely seal off the work area. Get a lead inspection done, so that you will know which surfaces have lead paint and need extra care when preparing for and doing home repair work, and during cleanup afterwards. Do not do repairs in older homes without learning about safe ways to do the work to reduce the danger of lead dust. Hundreds of cases of childhood and adult lead poisoning result each year from do-it-yourself home projects.

How does the owner of a home built before 1978 in which a child under six years old lives meet the requirements of the Massachusetts Lead Law?

The first step is to have a lead inspection or risk assessment done. A licensed lead inspector will test the surfaces of the home for lead and give the owner a written report that states where there is lead in amounts considered a violation by state law, and record any lead hazards that must be corrected. A risk assessor, who is a specially licensed lead inspector, will do a lead inspection plus a risk assessment, during which he or she checks the home for the most serious lead hazards that must be fixed for interim control. (See question about interim control, below.) Only a licensed deleader may do high-risk work, such as removing lead paint or repairing chipping and peeling lead paint. Either a deleader, the owner or someone who works for the owner (an agent) can do certain other deleading and interim control tasks. (See next question.) An owner or agent must get special training to perform the deleading tasks they may do. After the work is done, the lead inspector or risk assessor returns to check the home. He or she may take dust samples to test for lead and makes sure the home has been properly cleaned up. If everything is fine, he or she gives the owner a Letter of Compliance or a Letter of Interim Control. After getting one of these letters, the owner must take reasonable care of the property, mainly by making sure there is no peeling lead paint.

Can I do some of the deleading myself?

In Massachusetts, the owner or someone who works for the owner (an agent) can do certain deleading activities. These include covering surfaces with certain materials; removing certain building parts; capping baseboards; installing vinyl siding on the exterior, and applying encapsulants. Encapsulants are special liquid coatings made to be long-lasting barriers over lead paint. Before any of these deleading tasks are done, the owner must first have a lead inspection done and whoever is going to do the work must get special training. Contact CLPPP for information about this training. In addition, owners or their agents can perform structural repairs and lead dust cleaning for interim control. Before doing this work, owners and agents should get and read CLPPP's interim control booklet.

Is there financial help for deleading?

There is a state income tax credit of up to \$1,500 per unit for full deleading. A credit of up to \$500 per unit is available for interim control work that also contributes to full deleading. There are also grants and no-interest, deferred loans, or low-interest loans available to eligible property owners. These funds are available through the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, the Massachusetts Executive Office of Communities and Development, the Massachusetts Housing Finance Authority, local city and town community development planning departments, and banks.

Does deleading improve the value of my property?

Many homeowners have found that the benefits of deleading are not unlike the benefits of other home improvement projects. Replacement windows and doors can save the homeowner money because they are more energy efficient. Having a legally delead home, whether it is a single-family or multi-family, owner-occupied or rental unit, can make it easier to sell or rent, often at a better price.

What surfaces must be delead for full compliance with the Massachusetts Lead Law?

Owners of homes built before 1978 where children under six years of age live must have the following lead hazards corrected to get a Letter of Compliance:

- * any peeling, chipping or flaking lead paint, plaster or putty;
- * intact lead paint, other coating or putty on moveable parts of windows with sills five feet or less from the floor or ground and those surfaces that come in contact with moveable parts;
- * intact lead paint or other coating on "accessible mouthable surfaces." These surfaces generally include woodwork, such as doors, door jambs, stairs and stair rails, and window casings.

What is interim control?

Interim control is a set of temporary measures that property owners can take to correct urgent lead hazards, especially peeling or chipping lead paint and lead dust. These steps protect residents from lead poisoning until the home is fully delead. Homes in good condition may need little or no work to get interim control status. Owners then have up to two years before they have to fully delead the home. For that period, they are protected from strict liability under the state Lead Law should a child become lead poisoned in the home, as long as the home is maintained and the conditions for interim control are met. In addition to the repair of peeling and chipping lead paint and the cleaning of lead dust, other work may be necessary for interim control. This includes fixing water leaks or other damage that makes lead paint peel and chip; making window wells smooth and easy to clean; making windows work properly and deleading any badly chipping and peeling lead-painted surfaces.

Property owners interested in interim control must hire a licensed risk assessor. He or she will then decide what work, if any, needs to be done to get a Letter of Interim Control. The original Letter of Interim Control is good for one year. The property owner can have the home reinspected before the end of that year, and if all conditions are met, the home can be recertified for another year. By the end of the second year, the home must be deleaded, if a child under six still lives there, for the owner to remain free of strict liability.

Does my family have to be out of the house during deleading or interim control work?

Residents must be out of the house for the entire time that a deleader is doing deleading work inside a home, and for some of the deleading work by owners and their agents. Residents may stay at home, but out of the work area, while a deleader, property owner or owner's agent without a deleader's license does certain other deleading tasks, or such interim control work as structural repairs or lead dust cleaning. Residents who have been out of the house may not return until the deleading work that made it necessary for them to leave is complete, the home is cleaned up, and a lead inspector or risk assessor has checked and found this work has been properly done and dust samples have passed. For complete details, contact CLPPP.

Are there any exemptions to the Massachusetts Lead Law?

The Lead Law applies only to homes built before 1978 in which a child under six lives. Any home or apartment having fewer than 250 square feet of living space, or which is in a rooming house, is exempt, as long as no child under age six is living there. Finally, homes rented for 31 days or less for vacation or recreational purposes are also exempt, as long as there is no chipping or peeling lead paint in the home and the renter has received the Short-Term Vacation Rental Notification.

What are the requirements of the state Lead Law if there is a lease with an option to buy?

When there is a lease with an option to buy a home built before 1978 in effect, the owner of the property must have it deleaded or brought under interim control if a child under six lives there. If the tenant with an option to buy such a home proceeds to purchase it, he or she becomes responsible for meeting the requirements of the Lead Law if a child under six lives there after the purchase.

How can I find out about how lead inspections, risk assessments and deleading should be done?

All lead inspections, risk assessments and deleading must be done according to the Regulations for Lead Poisoning Prevention and Control, 105 Code of Massachusetts Regulations 460.000 and the Deleading Regulations, 454 CMR 22.00. For full information, homeowners may get these regulations at the State House Book Store, State House, Boston, MA 02133. The phone number is (617) 727-2834.

Lead inspectors and risk assessors licensed by the Department of Public Health have been trained and are experienced in using the state-approved methods for testing for lead paint. These methods are the following: use of a solution of sodium sulfide, a portable x-ray fluorescence machine or lab tests of paint samples removed from the home. Deleaders licensed by the Department of Labor and Workforce Development have been trained to use safe methods to prepare for and do deleading work, and clean up afterwards. They may delead using any of the following methods: removing paint, removing building parts, covering and encapsulating. When removing paint, they cannot use certain very dangerous methods, such as open flame burning, dry abrasive blasting or power sanding without a special vacuum attachment.

How do I get a lead inspection or risk assessment?

Included as part of this notification package is a listing of private licensed lead inspectors organized alphabetically, and private licensed risk assessors, similarly organized. Ask to see the inspector or risk assessor's license, to make sure it is current. You should arrange for the inspection or risk assessment as quickly as possible after deciding you want one. If you do have an inspection or risk assessment, you must give the seller a copy of the report.

What is the best time to delead or undertake interim control?

The best time to delead a home or bring it under interim control is when the home is vacant, so that residents will not be exposed to lead and household furnishings will not be contaminated with lead. In addition, it often is efficient, and reduces costs, to combine deleading with other repair work being done to a vacant home.

What is a Letter of Compliance and a Letter of Interim Control?

Under the state Lead Law, a Letter of Compliance is a legal letter that says either that there are no lead paint hazards or that the home has been deleaded. The letter is signed and dated by a licensed lead inspector. A Letter of Interim Control is a legal letter that says work necessary to make a home temporarily safe from lead hazards has been done. It is signed and dated by a licensed risk assessor. A Letter of Interim Control is good for one year, but can be renewed for one more year. The owner must fully delead the home and get a Letter of Compliance by the end of the second year if a child under six still lives there. The Lead Law does not require the removal of all lead paint from a home. An owner who gets a Letter of Compliance or Letter of Interim Control must take reasonable care to keep up the home, mainly by making sure there is no chipping or peeling lead paint. If an owner fails to take reasonable steps to maintain the home, he or she may become liable for damages to a child lead poisoned as a result of the owner's breach of that duty of reasonable care.

RENTAL PROPERTY INFORMATION

What liability do rental property owners have if they don't comply with the state Lead Law?

If a property owner of a home built before 1978 in which a child under six lives fails to delead or bring the home under interim control, and a child is lead poisoned as a result, the property owner is strictly liable for all damages. An owner is not strictly liable for lead poisoning if a Letter of Compliance or Letter of Interim Control is in effect. Strict liability means owners may be liable even if they did not know lead paint was in the home. Since harm to the kidneys and blood cells, delays in growth, learning disabilities and emotional and behavioral disturbances resulting from lead poisoning can have life-long effects, monetary damages awarded against an owner responsible for a child's lead poisoning can be substantial. Failing to delead or bring under interim control a home to which the Lead Law applies is also an emergency public health matter, and can carry criminal penalties. An owner who is notified by a public agency of Lead Law violation in a property he or she owns, and who willfully fails to correct the dangerous conditions, is also subject to punitive damages, which are three times the actual damages found. These provisions are in addition to any other legal rights the lead-poisoned child may have.

Can I avoid state Lead Law requirements by not renting to a family with children under six?

The Massachusetts Lead Law makes it illegal to refuse to rent to families with children under six, or evicting or refusing to renew the lease of families with children under six, because of lead paint. Discrimination against families with young children is also a violation of the U.S. Fair Housing Act and the Massachusetts anti-discrimination statute. Parents cannot waive the rights of their children to live in lead-safe housing or agree to assume to risks of lead exposure. Owners who violate these laws face heavy penalties. The Massachusetts Commission Against Discrimination investigates and prosecutes cases of discrimination against families with children because of lead paint.

It is also illegal for lenders to deny financing because a home has lead paint, or because financing could trigger future duties under the Lead Law. This does not restrict the right of a lender to process or deny a mortgage application in accordance with accepted underwriting practices and criteria.

If I am considering buying a pre-1978 house to rent out, and a child under six lives in one of the apartments, should I have at least that unit and common areas inspected for lead now?

Yes. If there are children under six living in such an apartment and the apartment does not have a Letter of Compliance or Letter of Interim Control, buyers should find out whether or not the apartment has lead hazards and will have to be brought into compliance with the state Lead Law. This information will be important in deciding whether to buy the property and at what price. As noted above, new owners have 90 days from the date of taking title to have such an apartment delead or brought under interim control. Therefore, they should arrange deleading or interim control work to begin as soon as possible after taking title, to be sure the work is done within 90 days.

Can a landlord delay a tenancy to bring a home into compliance with the state Lead Law?

A landlord who will be deleading a home or bringing it under interim control may delay the start of the tenancy up to 30 days. This can be done as long as a lease between the landlord and the new tenant does not exist. During this delay period, the new tenants are responsible for their living expenses. If there is a signed lease, however, the landlord is responsible for temporary housing during relocation necessary for deleading work.

Must a landlord arrange temporary housing for a tenant while a rental home is being delead?

Under the state Lead Law, tenants have to be relocated for the time that certain deleading work is taking place inside the home. They may not return until that work is done, the home is cleaned up, and a licensed lead inspector or risk assessor checks and finds it is fine for residents to move back in.

The landlord and tenant are responsible for working out an acceptable plan for alternative housing if it is necessary. The landlord may move the tenant to another place to live, which may be another house, apartment, motel or hotel. The landlord is responsible for paying the tenant's reasonable moving costs and any temporary housing costs over and above the rent of the home being delead. During the time the home is being delead, the tenant remains responsible for paying the normal rent they would pay for this period as their share of the cost of temporary housing. The Lead Law states the temporary housing must not cause undue economic or personal hardship to the tenant.

What is tenant notification?

The goal of the federal and state requirements for tenant notification is to help reduce lead poisoning by giving all tenants of homes built before 1978 information about lead in their home. The program also educates tenants and landlords about the dangers of lead poisoning, its prevention, and the Massachusetts Lead Law. Tenant notification applies to all tenants, whether or not they have a child under six living with them.

Before renting a home, landlords, managing agents or any real estate agent involved in the rental must give new tenants copies of any existing lead forms for the home. These include lead inspection reports, risk assessment reports, a Letter of Compliance (no matter how old) or a Letter of Interim Control. If the landlord or agent does not have any or all of these forms for the home, he or she simply does not give them. In addition, the landlord or agent must give new tenants the Tenant Lead Law Notification. This form addresses lead poisoning, specific prevention tips for parents, the requirements of the Lead Law and an explanation of the lead forms. Attached to the Tenant Lead Law Notification is the Tenant Certification form. This is to be filled out and signed by both the tenant and the landlord or agent. Each party gets a copy to keep. **These forms have been approved to satisfy both state and federal lead notification requirements.** Landlords or agents may choose to include the Tenant Lead Law Notification/Tenant Certification form in a written lease, instead of using a separate form.

Landlords and agents who fail to carry out their tenant notification obligations are liable for all damages caused by their failure to do so, and are subject to a fine of up to \$1,000.

INSURANCE INFORMATION

How can an owner of rental housing in Massachusetts built before 1978 get insurance to cover potential lead liability?

The answer depends on the number of units that the property owner wishes to insure, and whether the property owner lives in the building for which insurance is sought. An owner-occupant who insures four or fewer units may be covered by homeowners insurance. Generally, the property owner who is not an owner-occupant will need to get commercial liability insurance, as will an owner-occupant who wishes to insure more than four units.

Homeowners insurance may be available from several different sources: the regular, "admitted" market, the FAIR Plan or the "surplus lines" market. The regular, "admitted" market is the usual market for insurance. The FAIR Plan offers homeowners insurance to property owners unable to find coverage in the regular market. The "surplus lines" market is a less regulated, and generally more expensive market. It provides insurance to those who cannot find coverage elsewhere.

Under state Division of Insurance regulations, if an insurer in the regular market decides to write homeowners insurance on rental housing for which a Letter of Compliance or Letter of Interim Control is in effect, the insurer must provide coverage of lead paint liability arising from those premises. **Neither the state Lead Law nor the insurance regulations require a regular market insurer to write liability insurance, including homeowners insurance, on a particular property.** If a Letter of Compliance or Letter of Interim Control is in effect for only part of a property, the coverage for lead liability will extend to only that part of the property. Such insurance will also apply to any common areas covered by the Letter of Compliance or Letter of Interim Control. It will not, however, extend to injuries resulting from gross or willful negligence. The FAIR Plan's coverage of lead liability is subject to the same regulations that apply to the regular market.

An insurer in the regular market, or the FAIR Plan, may ask the property owner to prove that there is a Letter of Compliance or a Letter of Interim Control for the home sought to be insured. Once the proof is provided, coverage for lead liability will apply as of the date of the Letter. If the Fair Plan determines that a given property is eligible for insurance, or if a regular market insurer elects to insure certain premises, either may exclude lead liability coverage on any part of the property it insures to which no Letter of Compliance or Letter of Interim Control applies. If either the Fair Plan or a regular market insurer uses such an exclusion, it must offer the owner of the premises the chance to buy back the excluded coverage. There is an additional charge for the lead liability "buyback" coverage. The amount of this charge is regulated by the Division of Insurance.

In the surplus lines market, there is no requirement to cover lead liability arising from premises to which a Letter of Compliance or Letter of Interim Control applies. Surplus lines insurers generally exclude coverage of lead liability, do not offer the buyback coverage, and charge higher prices than the regular market.

Since the FAIR Plan does not provide commercial liability insurance, property owners who need to get such coverage (as opposed to homeowners insurance) must get it from either the regular market or the surplus lines market. Commercial liability insurance from the surplus lines market, like homeowners insurance from that market, usually will exclude coverage of lead liability, will not include the buyback option, and will cost more than regular market coverage.

While a regular market insurer can decline to write commercial liability insurance on a given property, once such an insurer decides to write such coverage, it must then insure lead liability arising from any part of the property covered by a Letter of Compliance or Letter of Interim Control. If such an insurer chooses to insure a property, it may exclude coverage of lead liability on any part of the premises for which no Letter of Compliance or Letter of Interim Control is in effect. If such insurer applies such an exclusion, it must offer the property owner the opportunity to buy back the excluded coverage. The lead liability insurance regulations described above as applicable to regular market homeowners insurance also apply to commercial liability insurance from the regular market.

Owners of rental housing should try to get coverage for lead liability, whether they have met the requirements of the Lead Law or not, by seeking regular market coverage through insurance agents, or by contacting direct writing companies that are listed in the telephone directory, before resorting either to the FAIR Plan or the surplus lines market.

If I own and occupy a single-family house, does my homeowners insurance cover lead liability?

Under the state lead liability insurance regulations, coverage of lead liability cannot be excluded from regular market and FAIR Plan homeowners insurance policies on single-family owner-occupied homes. Instead, lead liability coverage is included in such policies. However, a family member covered by a homeowners policy cannot make a lead liability claim against another family member covered by the same policy. The requirements of the lead liability insurance regulations do not apply to homeowners coverage from the surplus lines market.

How are new owners affected by the lead liability insurance regulations?

If a buyer of rental housing built before 1978 meets the state Lead Law's requirements and gets a Letter of Compliance or Letter of Interim Control within 90 days after becoming the owner, then, under certain conditions, they will be able to get coverage for lead liability for the period they owned the property before they delead or brought it under interim control. This will happen if a regular market insurer chooses to provide liability coverage on the property. Such an insurer is required to provide lead liability coverage to a new owner who obtains a Letter of Compliance or Letter of Interim Control within 90 days after becoming the owner of the property. Such coverage will go back to the time that the new owner took title to the property, unless the liability insurance went into effect some time

after the taking of title. In the latter case, the coverage of lead liability will extend back to the time that the liability insurance held by the new owner first went into effect on the premises. The rule for new owner lead liability insurance coverage for the FAIR Plan is the same as for the regular market. These special rules for lead liability insurance for new owners do not apply to insurance from the surplus lines market.

What happens next?

That's up to you. At this point, you should be well informed about lead poisoning, the effects of lead hazards in the home, and your responsibilities under the Massachusetts Lead Law. In the past, the Department of Public Health has had to devote its childhood lead poisoning resources to provide services to the thousands of Massachusetts children who were poisoned, as well as to providing services to children whose blood lead levels are elevated, to prevent them from becoming lead poisoned. Between the Department's work and the preventive deleading carried out by property owners, we have been successful at reducing the number of lead poisonings among young children in Massachusetts. All of us at the Department are hopeful that we will continue that partnership, in which the correction of lead hazards in the homes of young children *before* those children are lead poisoned is so important.

Where can I get more information on lead poisoning?

Massachusetts Department of Public Health
Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program (CLPPP)
(For more copies of this form, and full range of
information on owners' and tenants' rights and
responsibilities under the state Lead Law, financial help
for owners, safe renovation work, and soil testing)
www.mass.gov/dph/clppp
(781)-774-6611, 1-800-532-9571

Massachusetts Department of Labor/
Division of Occupational Safety
(List of licensed deleaders)
www.mass.gov/dos
(617)-626-6962

Massachusetts Housing Finance Agency
(Get the Lead Out loan program information)
www.masshousing.com
(617)-854-1000

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Region 1 (New England)
(Information about federal laws on lead)
<http://www.epa.gov/region1>
(617)-918-1524

National Lead Information Center
(lead poisoning information or lead in
consumer products)
www.epa.gov/lead or 1 -800-424-LEAD

U.S. Consumer Product Safety
Commission (Info about lead in
consumer products)
www.cpsc.gov or 1-800-638-2772

PROPERTY TRANSFER NOTIFICATION CERTIFICATION

This form is to be signed by the prospective purchaser before signing a purchase and sale agreement or a memorandum of agreement, or by the lessee-prospective purchaser before signing a lease with an option to purchase for residential property built before 1978, for compliance with federal and Massachusetts lead-based paint disclosure requirements.

Required Federal Lead Warning Statement:

Every purchaser of any interest in residential property on which a residential dwelling was built prior to 1978 is notified that such property may present exposure to lead from lead-based paint that may place young children at risk of developing lead poisoning. Lead poisoning in young children may produce permanent neurological damage, including learning disabilities, reduced intelligence quotient, behavioral problems and impaired memory. Lead poisoning also poses a particular risk to pregnant women. The seller of any interest in residential real property is required to provide the buyer with any information on lead-based paint hazards from risk assessments or inspections in the seller's possession and notify the buyer of any known lead-based paint hazards. A risk assessment or inspection for possible lead-based paint hazards is recommended prior to purchase.

Seller's Disclosure

(a) Presence of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards (check (i) or (ii) below):

(i) Known lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards are present in the housing (explain).

(ii) Seller has no knowledge of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing.

(b) Records and reports available to the seller (check (i) or (ii) below):

(i) Seller has provided the purchaser with all available records and reports pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing (check documents below).

Lead Inspection Report; Risk Assessment Report; Letter of Interim Control; Letter of Compliance

(ii) Seller has no reports or records pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the housing.

Purchaser's or Lessee Purchaser's Acknowledgment (initial)

(c) Purchaser or lessee purchaser has received copies of all documents checked above.

(d) Purchaser or lessee purchaser has received no documents.

(e) Purchaser or lessee purchaser has received the Property Transfer Lead Paint Notification.

(f) Purchaser or lessee purchaser has (check (i) or (ii) below):

(i) received a 10-day opportunity (or mutually agreed upon period) to conduct a risk assessment or inspection for the presence of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards; or

(ii) waived the opportunity to conduct a risk assessment or inspection for the presence of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards.

Agent's Acknowledgment (initial)

(g) Agent has informed the seller of the seller's obligations under federal and state law for lead-based paint disclosure and notification, and is aware of his/her responsibility to ensure compliance.

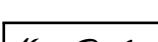
(h) Agent has verbally informed purchaser or lessee-purchaser of the possible presence of dangerous levels of lead in paint, plaster, putty or other structural materials and his or her obligation to bring a property into compliance with the Massachusetts Lead Law -- either through full deleading or interim control -- if it was built before 1978 and a child under six years old resides or will reside in the property.

Certification of Accuracy

The following parties have reviewed the information above and certify, to the best of their knowledge, that the information they have provided is true and accurate.

	dotloop verified 01/21/26 8:31 PM EST FXPQ-HBN7-NSVA-SR0B	
Seller	Date	

	dotloop verified 01/21/26 11:07 AM EST C3T9-TJVA-QGHI-U4j1	
Purchaser	Date	

	dotloop verified 01/21/26 11:07 AM EST C3T9-TJVA-QGHI-U4j1	
Agent	Date	

	dotloop verified 01/21/26 11:07 AM EST C3T9-TJVA-QGHI-U4j1	
Agent	Date	

Address of Property 11 West Bradstreet Road, North Andover, MA 01845

CLPPP Form 94-3, 6/30/94, Rev. 9/02

MASSACHUSETTS MANDATORY RESIDENTIAL HOME INSPECTION DISCLOSURE

Pursuant to Massachusetts regulation 760 CMR 74.00 *Residential Home Inspection Waivers*, this form must be signed by the buyer and seller prior to signing the first written contract to purchase a Residential Property in Massachusetts (unless one of the exceptions under 760 CMR 74.00 applies). Residential Property and Home Inspection shall be defined pursuant to 760 CMR 74.02.

Limitations on Home Inspection Waivers:

Every seller of Residential Property is notified that M.G.L. c. 143, § 101 and 760 CMR 74.00 prohibit a seller from accepting an agreement to purchase contingent upon waiver, limitation, or restriction of buyer's choice to obtain a Home Inspection, in whole or in part (unless one of the exceptions under 760 CMR 74.00 applies). A buyer of a Residential Property may choose to have the premises inspected by a licensed home inspector of the buyer's choice. If the buyer chooses to have a Home Inspection, the buyer shall have a reasonable period of time after the full execution of the first written contract, as agreed to by the seller and the buyer, to decide whether to proceed with the transaction if the results of the inspection are not satisfactory to the buyer.

Seller's Disclosure

Pursuant to 760 CMR 74.00, Seller warrants and represents that the agreement to purchase is not, and in no event shall be, contingent upon waiver, limitation, or restriction of Buyer's choice to obtain a Home Inspection, in whole or in part (unless one of the exceptions under 760 CMR 74.00 applies). Seller agrees and acknowledges that Buyer may choose to have the premises inspected by a licensed home inspector of the Buyer's choice. The Seller further agrees, warrants, and represents that, if the Buyer chooses to have a Home Inspection, the Buyer shall have a reasonable period of time after the full execution of the first written contract as agreed to by the Seller and the Buyer, to decide whether to proceed with the transaction if the results of the inspection are not satisfactory to the Buyer.

Buyer's Acknowledgment

Each buyer hereby acknowledges that they may choose to have the premises inspected by a licensed home inspector of the buyer's choice and acknowledges that this disclosure has been provided to the buyer herein.

Agent's Acknowledgment

Seller's agent hereby acknowledges that each seller has been informed of the seller's obligations under 760 CMR 74.00 and further acknowledges that this disclosure has been provided to each seller and buyer herein.

Certification of Accuracy

The following parties have reviewed the information above and certify that the information they have provided is true and accurate.

11 W Bradstreet Road
Property Address: North Andover, MA. 01845

Signature of Seller

Margaret Sullivan

01/21/2026

Signature of Seller

Print Name of Seller

Date

Signature of Buyer

Print Name of Buyer

Date

Signature of Buyer

Print Name of Buyer

Date

Nancy Dowling
Signature of Seller's Agent*

Nancy Dowling

01/21/2026

*Seller acknowledges that a Seller Agent was **not** involved in this transaction.

nice to meet you



Foundation Brokerage Group is an award-winning team of real estate professionals providing home sellers and buyers throughout Massachusetts, New Hampshire And Maine with extraordinary real estate experience for over 23 years.

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LET'S CONNECT

Nancy Dowling, REALTOR®



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